In the Claims:

	1	16.	(New)An apparatus comprising:
	2		an analog photocell;
)_	3		a sample and hold amplifier, a first input to the sample and hold amplifier being a
	4		charge from the analog photocell, a second input to the sample and hold
•	5		amplifier being a reference voltage; and
	6		an analog to digital converter, the analog to digital converter converting the
	7		output of the sample and hold amplifier to a digital value
	1	17.	(New) The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the sample and hold amplifier
	2		produces a scaled version of the voltage output of the analog photocell
	D_2	<u>\18</u> .	(New) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the sample and hold amplifier matches the dynamic ranges of the analog photocell and the analog to digital converter.
	1 2	19.	(New) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the sample and hold amplifier modifies the dynamic range of the analog photocell based, at least in part, on
	3		ambient light conditions
	1	20.	(New) The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the analog to digital converter
	2		comprises:
	3		a voltage controlled oscillator, an input of the voltage controller oscillator being a
	4		output from the sample and hold amplifier; and

	5		a counter, the counter being driven by an output of the voltage controlled
\	6		oscillator
),),/	Υ ₁	21.	(New) The apparatus of claim 20, further comprising a memory, the memory
,Ο,	2		storing an output of the counter
-	1	22.	(New) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein counter is reset after a certain period
	2		of time
	1	23.	(New) The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the period of time is an integration
	2		time for the analog photocell
	1	24.	(New)A method comprising:
	2		inputting a charge of a analog photocell to a sample and hold amplifier;
	3		inputting a reference voltage to the sample and hold amplifier;
	4		converting an output of the sample and hold amplifier to a digital value
	1	25.	(New) The method of claim 24, further comprising:
	2		modifying the scale of the analog photocell charge using the sample and hold
_	3		amplifier
7	2	2 6.	(New) The method of claim 25, wherein the sample and hold amplifier matches
	2		a dynamic range of the analog photocell to a dynamic range appropriate for
•	3		converting the output of the sample and hold amplifier to a digital value
	1	27.	(New) The method of claim 25, a dynamic range of the analog photocell is
	2		modified based at least in part on ambient light conditions

1	28.	(New) The method of claim 24, wherein converting the output of the sample
2		and hold amplifier to a digital value comprises:
3		applying an output of the sample and hold amplifier to a voltage controlled
4		oscillator; and
5		driving a counter using the output of the voltage controlled oscillator
1	29.	(New) The method of claim 28, wherein a count from the counter is
2		proportional to the intensity of light on the analog photocell during a previous
3		integration time period for the photocell
1	30.	(New) The method of claim 29, further comprising storing a count from the
2		counter in a register
1	31.	(New) The method of claim 30, further comprising resetting the counter after
2		the passage of the integration time period for the photocell
1	32.	(New)An digital photocell comprising:
2		an analog photocell;
3		a sample and hold amplifier, a first input of the sample and hold amplifier being
4		an output of the analog photocell and a second input of the sample and
5		hold amplifier being a reference voltage;
6		a voltage controlled oscillator, an input to the voltage controlled oscillator being
7		an output of the sample and hold amplifier;
8		a counter, a speed at which the counter operates being controlled by an output of
9		the voltage controlled oscillator; and

a register, the register storing an output of the counter.--

1 33. (New) --The digital photocell of claim 32, wherein the counter counts for a
2 specified time period and wherein the counter is reset at the end of the time
3 period.--

- 1 34. (New) --The digital photocell of claim 32, wherein the time period is an integration time period for the analog photocell.--
- 1 35. (New) --The digital photocell of claim 34, wherein the output stored in the
 2 register is a digital value that reflects an intensity of light incident on the analog
 3 during the previous integration time period.--
- 1 36. (New) --The digital photocell of claim 32, wherein the digital photocell is 2 included in a pixel array.--
- 1 37. (New) --The digital photocell of claim 32, wherein the sample and hold amplifier scales the input to the voltage controlled oscillator.--
- 1 38. (New) --The digital photocell of claim 37, wherein the input to the voltage 2 controlled oscillator is scaled based at least in part on ambient light levels.--
- 1 39. (New) -- A method comprising:
- applying a voltage of a analog photocell as a first input to a sample and hold amplifier;
- 4 applying a reference voltage as a second input to the sample and hold amplifier;

1	5		applying an output of the sample and hold amplifier to a voltage controlled
رالا	6		oscillator;
	7		driving a counter with the output of the voltage controlled oscillator;
•	8		saving a count from the counter; and
	9		resetting the counter at the conclusion of a time period
	1	40.	(New) The method of claim 39, wherein the time period is an integration period
	2		of the analog photocell
	1	41.	(New) The method of claim 39, wherein the count from the counter is saved in
	2		a register
	1	42.	(New) The method of claim 39, wherein the count from the counter is
	2		proportional to intensity of light incident on the analog photocell